

Soil & water bioengineering techniques to solve hydraulic problems and slope river stability improving landscape and biodiversity



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What are Soil & water bioengineering techniques

The soil & water bioengineering is the constructive discipline that pursues technical, ecological, aesthetic and economic objectives, using mainly living materials such as seeds, plants, parts of plants and plant communities, alone or in combination. with inert materials such as stone, earth, wood, iron or steel, as building elements.

H. M. Schiechteln



Works from Schiechteln Austria

Soil bioengineering, one old modern discipline: The roots of willows prevent the collapse of banks of canals and branches of willows that are placed in the margins and then cut each year and become dense and thus yields a margin of lives in one piece.

Léonardo da Vinci

Plants, the base of Soil & water bioengineering techniques



Selection criteria of the plant

Physical Conditioners

Weather
Land relief
Lithology
Edaphology
Hydraulics



Phylogeography

Species

Biological
Landscape
Engineering



Introduction technique



List of
suitable
species

Which plants?

Biotechnical characteristics

A series of characteristics that make them especially interesting for stabilization:

Faculty to colonize degraded lands (pioneer species)

Adventitious root emission capacity

Rooting ability of stems and branches

Mechanical tensile strength of roots and Stems

Resistance to falling stones

Surface coverage capacity

Survival capacity after planting

Resistance to watering

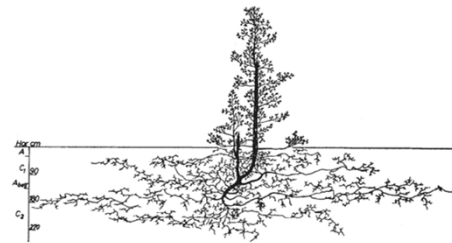


Figura 3.6: *Juniperus communis ssp. communis* (Kutschera –Sobot ik, 1997)

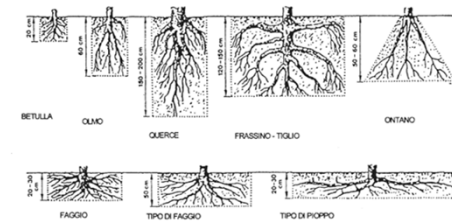


Figura 3.7: Confronto tra i diversi apparati radicali delle diverse specie di alberi (Mathey, 1929)

Importance of the relation between the volume of the radical part and the aerial part of several plants:

<i>Arbusti e alberi</i>		<i>Piante erbacee</i>	
<i>Salix glabra</i>	2,4	<i>Stipa species</i>	5-15
<i>Viburnum Lantana</i>	2,3	<i>Equisestum arvense</i>	5,5
<i>Erica carnea</i>	2,0	<i>Rumes scutatus</i>	5,5
<i>Salix eleagnos</i>	1,8	<i>Deschampsia caespitosa</i>	1,6
<i>Salix nigricans</i>	1,8	<i>Festuca ovina</i>	1,1
<i>Alnus viridis</i>	1,6	<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>	0,8
<i>Salix purpurea</i>	1,5	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	0,7
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	1,5	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	0,7
<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i>	1,2		
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	1,1		
<i>Hippophae rhamnoides</i>	1,0		
<i>Berberis vulgaris</i>	0,6		
<i>Salix alba</i>	0,5		

Fonte: da Schiechl, 1973

- Mechanical tensile strength

- Consolidating action of the soil: Depends on the shape of the root apparatus, rooting density and root mass

- Edaphology strength: the action of improvement of the land that allows through the succession to pass from the pioneer species to other stages of vegetation more evolved thanks to the climatic and soil improvement, thanks to either the root symbiosis for the fixation of Nitrogen (Legumes) or to the loss of leaves (Alnus)

Working with hydrophytes



Phalaris arundinacea



Phragmites australis



Typha latifolia

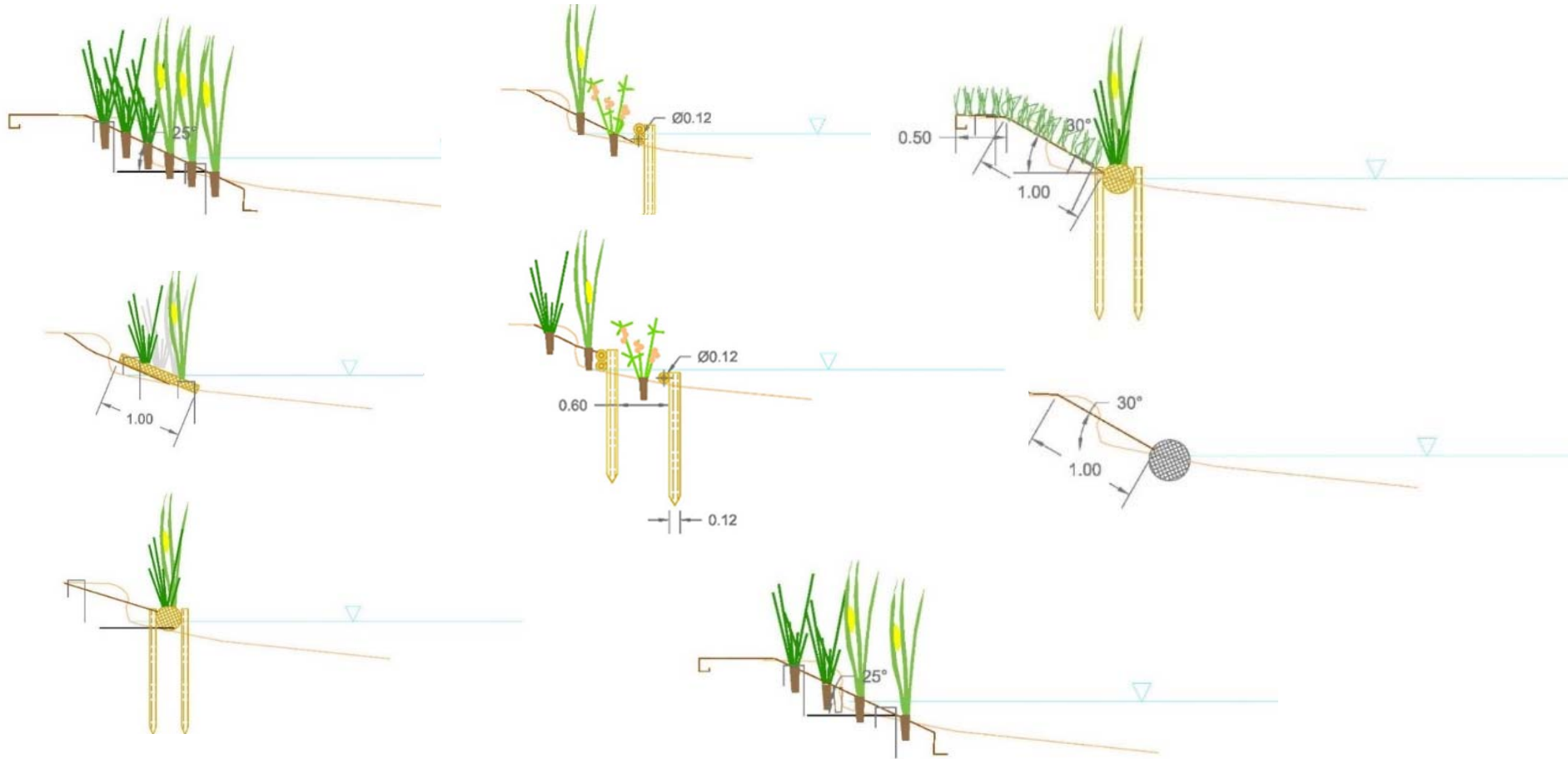


Images: Dr. Florent Chazarenc. GEPEA. Ecole de Mines. Nantes



Parc Agrari del Llobregat, Barcelona

Iris pseudacorus, *Scirpus lacustris* and *Sparganium erectum*



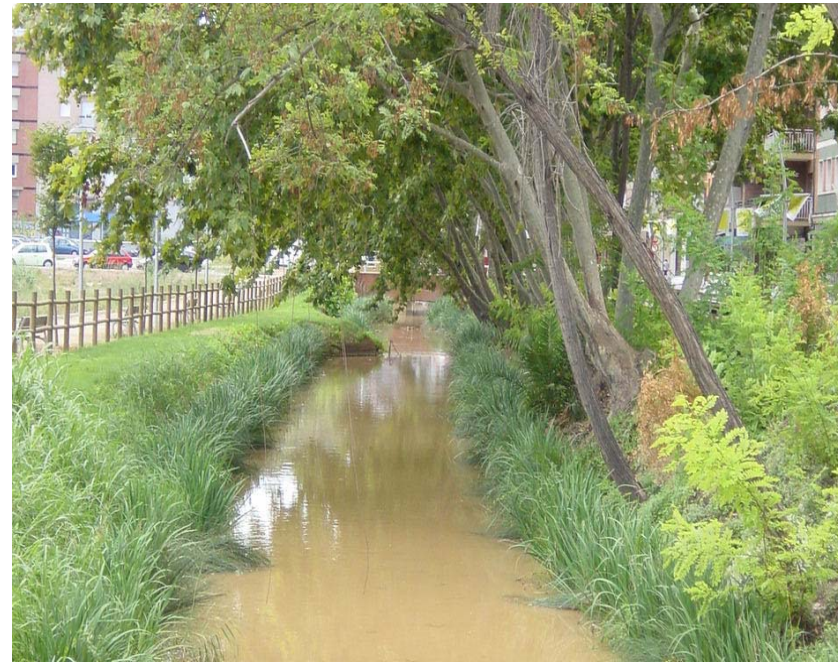
Parc Agrari del Llobregat, Barcelona



Parc Agrari del Llobregat, Barcelona



Sant Boi de Llobregat channels



Slope grid in Palma de Cervelló, Barcelona



Congost River, La Garriga, Barcelona



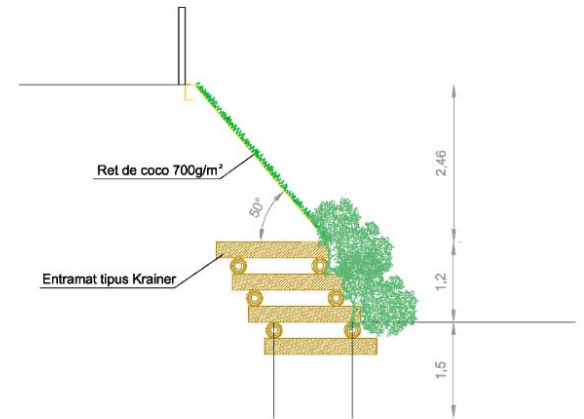
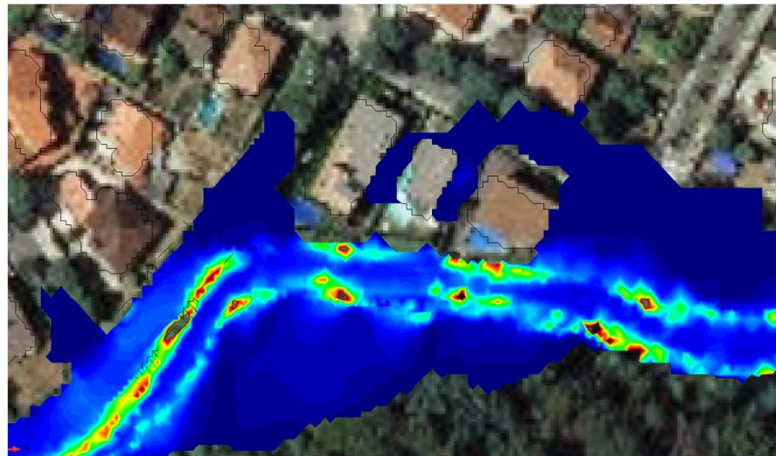
Tenes River, Santa Eulàlia de Ronçana



Tenes River, Santa Eulàlia de Ronçana



Can Cabassa Stream, Sant Cugat del Vallès



Can Cabassa Stream, Sant Cugat del Vallès

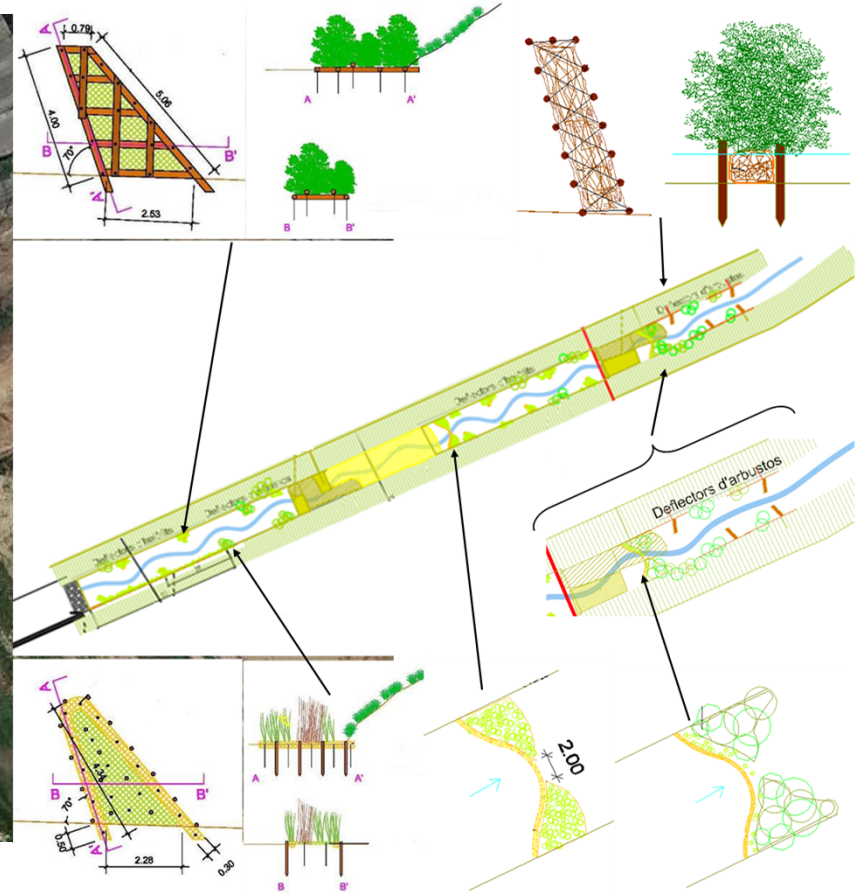
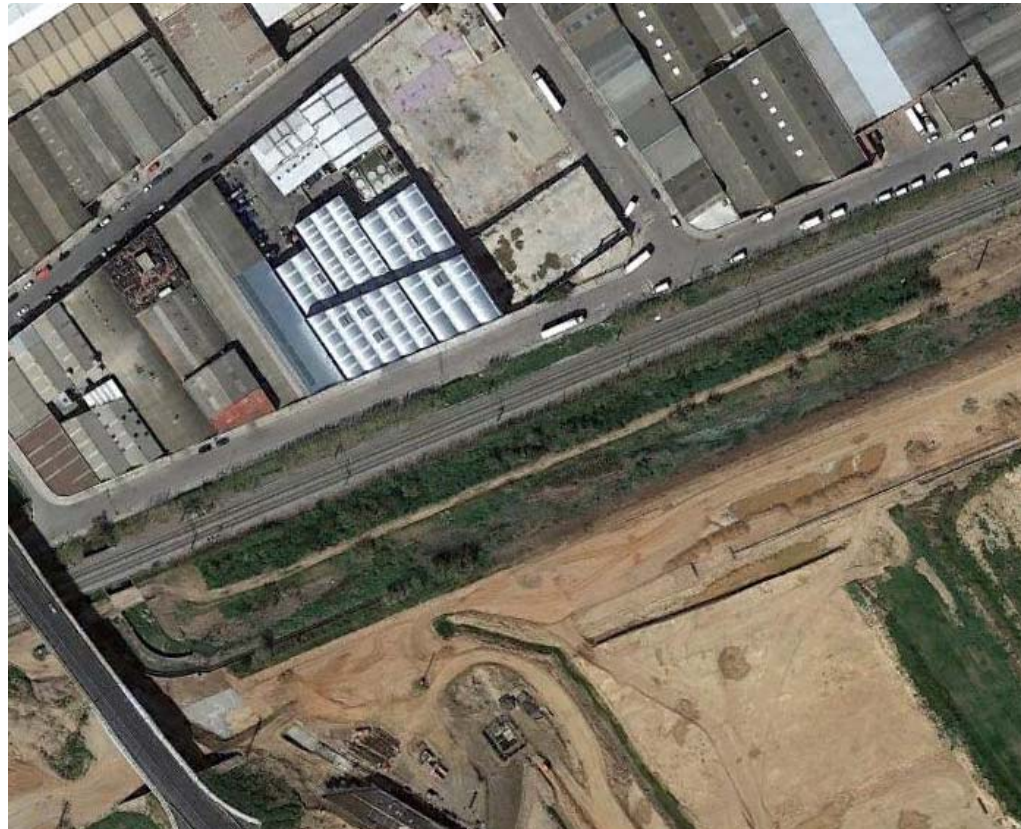


Sant Antoni de Vilamajor, Barcelona



Viladecans, Barcelona

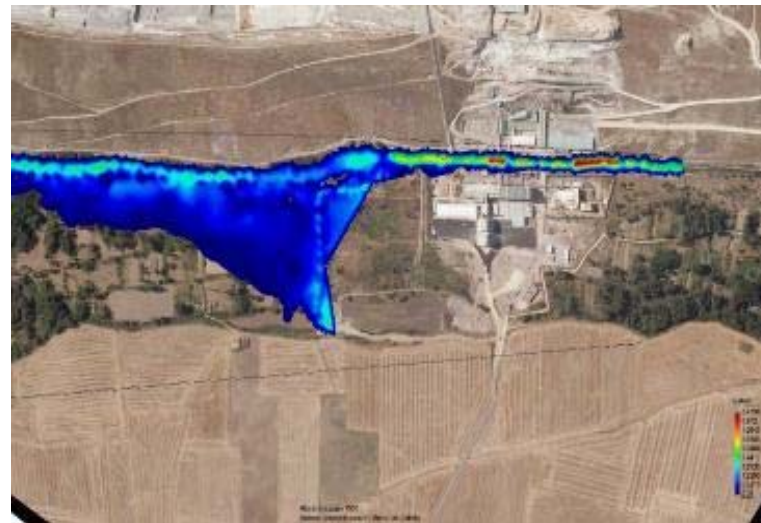
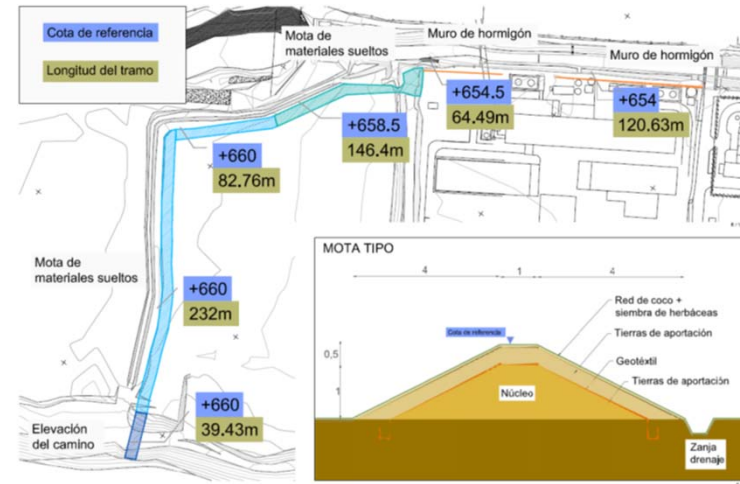
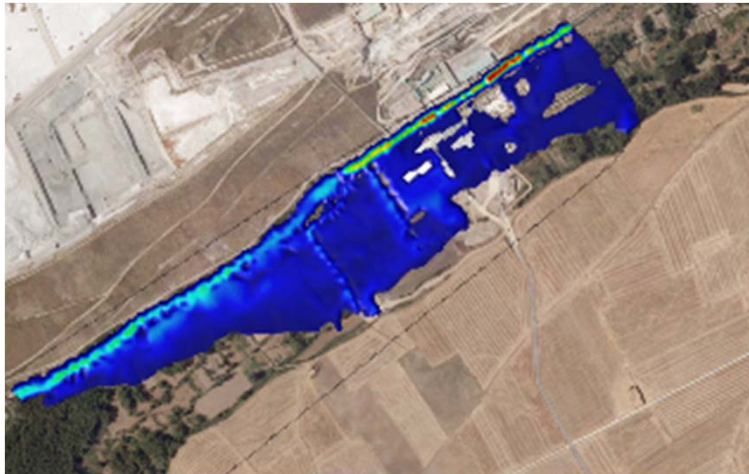
Esquema de la intervenció:



Viladecans, Barcelona 2016-2017-2020



Tiron River, Burgos



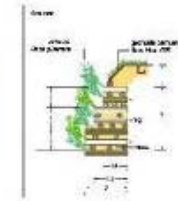
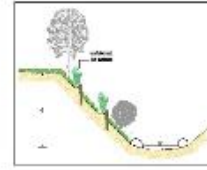
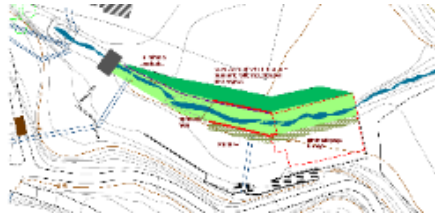
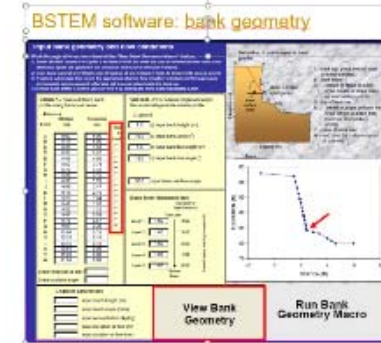
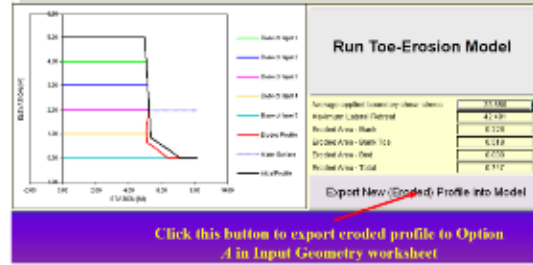
Sant Hilari Sacalm, Girona



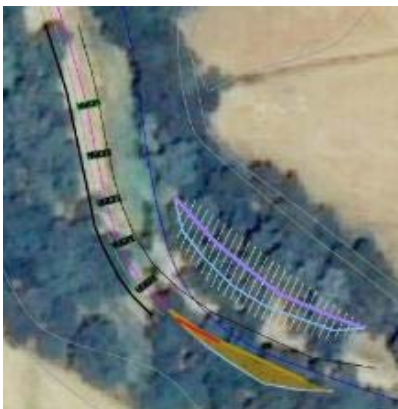
BSTEM software

Example:

For the case:
Slope=0.003, Flow depth = 2 m, Flow duration = 6 hours



Sentmenat Stream, Palau-solità i Plegamans



Besalú, Girona



Thank you!



25 years of experience working for landscape improvement

A company located in Castellar del Vallès, Barcelona, specialized in the design and execution of systems for landscape restoration and conservation and urban spaces naturalization, prioritizing the use of Nature-Based Solutions (NBS).

Pioneers in soil and water bioengineering techniques implementation.

Twenty-five years' experience in the field, with more than a thousand executed works and hundreds of drafted projects developed.

<https://naturalea.eu/en/>