



Accelerating towards achieving WFD and biodiversity objectives in aquatic ecosystems in Finland

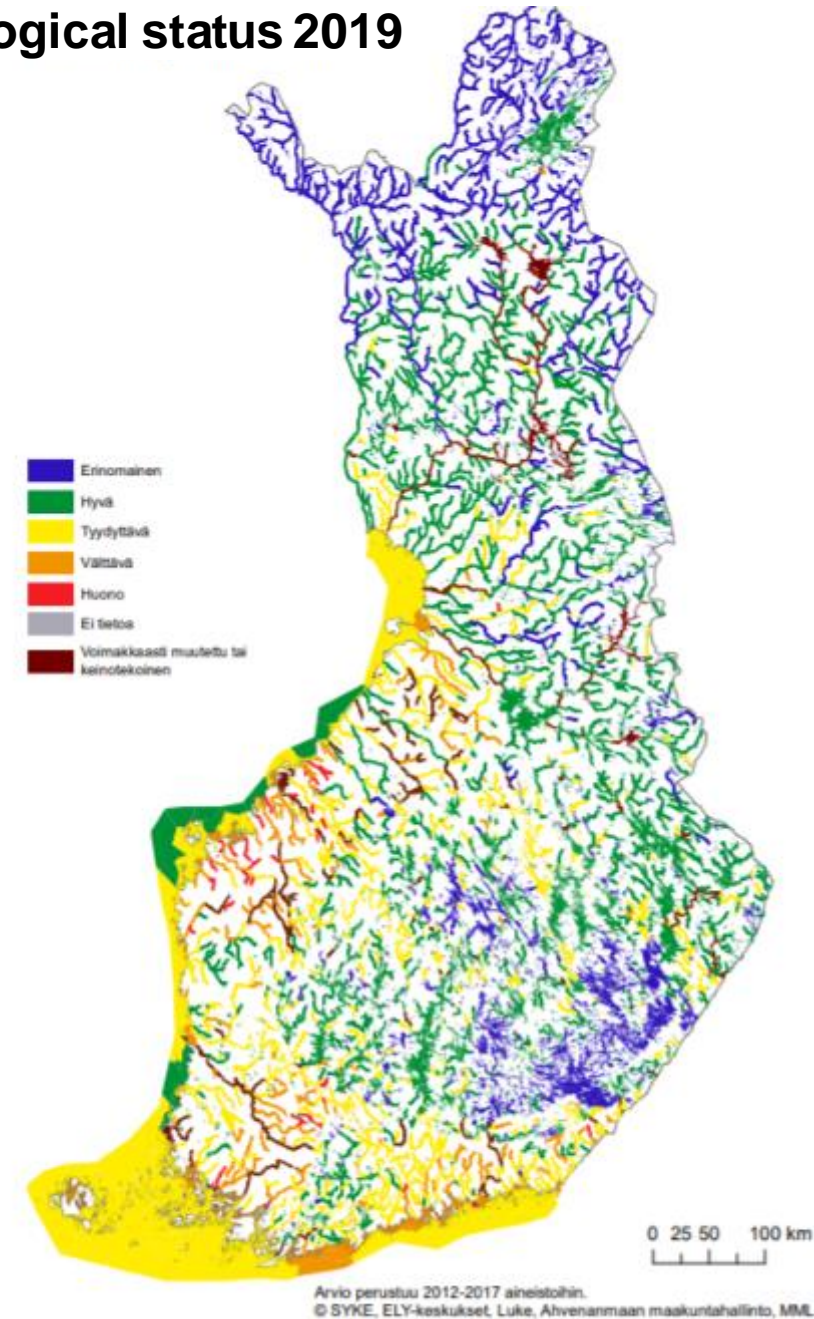
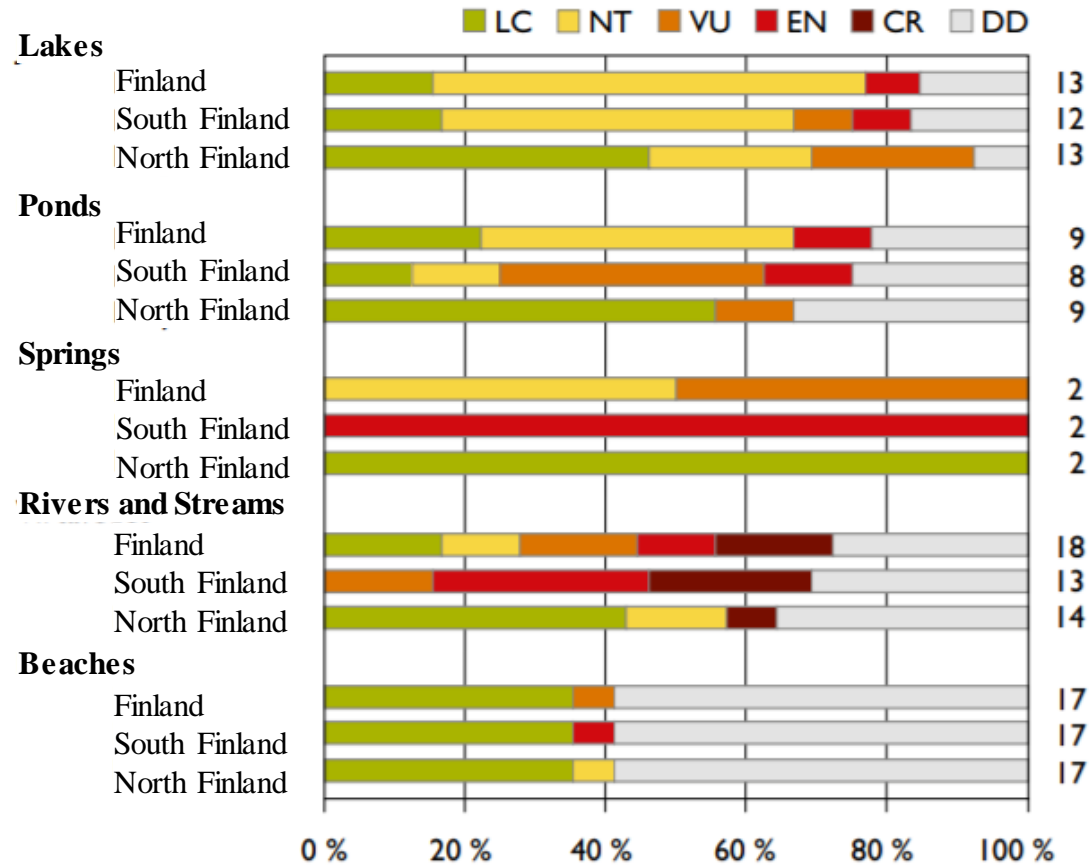
Turo Hjerppe, senior specialist, Ministry of the Environment

Nasjonalt seminar om restaurering av vassdrag og våtmarker
16th September 2021

Status of the aquatic ecosystems in Finland

Ecological status 2019

Threatened habitat types in Finland 2018



Governmental programs for accelerating the achievement of the objectives

1. Water protection programme 2019-2023



2. Archipelago sea programme 2021-2027

3. Nutrient recycling programme RAKI 2012 →

4. Migratory fish programme NOUSU 2020-2023

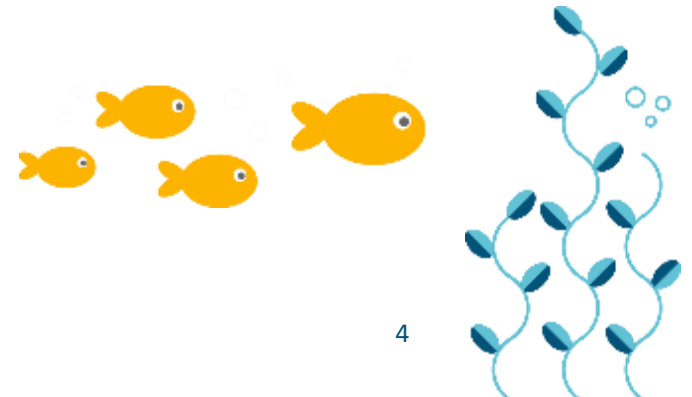


5. Helmi habitats programme 2021-2030



1. Water protection programme 2019-2023

- Record high investment, **EUR 69** million, in 2019-2023 in total
- Allocating funds to the most effective measures to improve the quality of waters
- Strengthening cooperation between stakeholders
- Introducing new water protection practices and methods



Action



Watercourse restoration projects



Capacity building of expert networks



Water management projects

Research



Gypsum, structure lime and fibre sludge

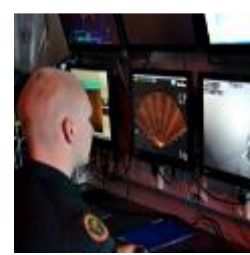


Catchment specific cooperation model for water protection



Improving knowledge base for sustainable water management

Development



Restoration of the high risk shipwrecks



Urban water management and harmful substances



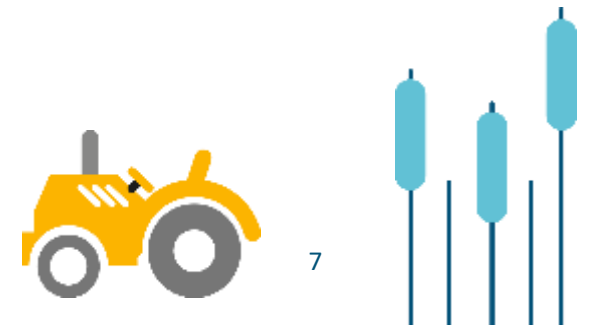
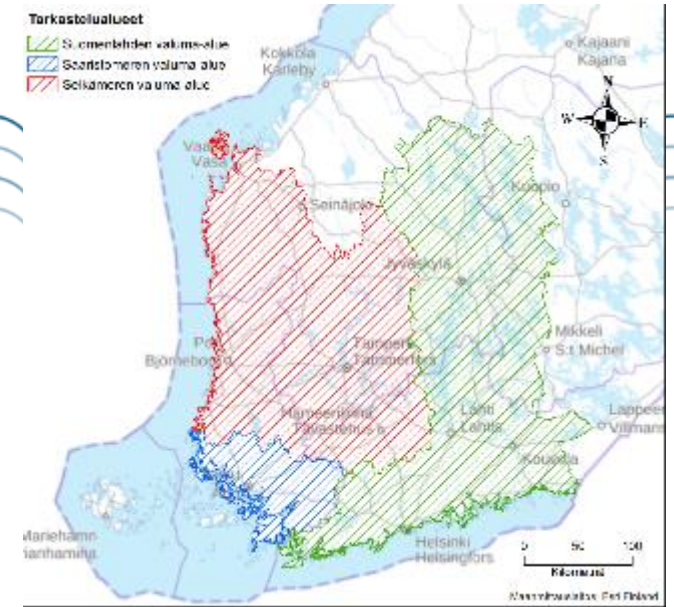
Studying the state of the Baltic Sea and inland waters

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Agriculture



- Reducing nutrient load by **spreading gypsum** on a large scale on arable lands in the catchment area of the Archipelago Sea
- Objective of spreading 50 000 ha
 - 2020-2021: ~20 000 ha achieved
 - Application will continue in 2022–2023
- The EU Resilience and recovery funds to be used for extending gypsum amendment to other coastal areas
- Investigating the use of **structure lime** and **fibre sludge** as means of water protection, and provision of guidance on their use



An aerial photograph showing a rural landscape with a river or stream that has overflowed its banks, flooding surrounding fields and parts of a residential area. Several houses are visible, some partially submerged in water. The water is dark and reflects the sky. The land is a mix of green grass and brown, dry-looking fields. A road runs through the middle of the scene, and there are trees scattered throughout. In the top left corner, there is a white circular logo with the text "VAIKUTA VESIIN" inside. The overall scene depicts the impact of water on agriculture and forestry.

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Water management in agriculture and forestry

- In the theme a particular focus is on ***nature based solutions*** that will
 - enhance water protection
 - contribute to climate change adaptation
 - promote the preservation of biodiversity
 - improve soil structure and productivity,
- Knowledge base improved in an R&D project to develop two-stage drainage channels and other methods
- Regional pilot projects supported in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry
 - 19 projects funded in 2021, ~3 M€

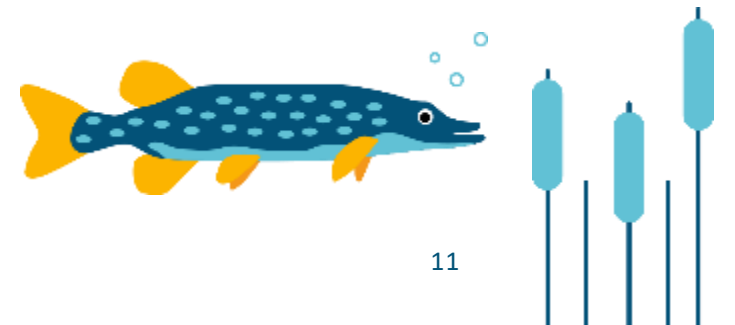


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Watercourse restoration and capacity building of expert networks

- Improving the quality of waters and aquatic environments
- Enhancing biodiversity
- Strengthening cooperation between operators in the sector and involvement of new operators by funding regional expert networks
- Developing the watercourse restoration sector by:
 - sharing up-to-date information on restoration methods
 - creating opportunities to experiment with new methods
- > 300 projects funded in 2019-2021
 - ~ 8M€, governmental funding 20-75% /project



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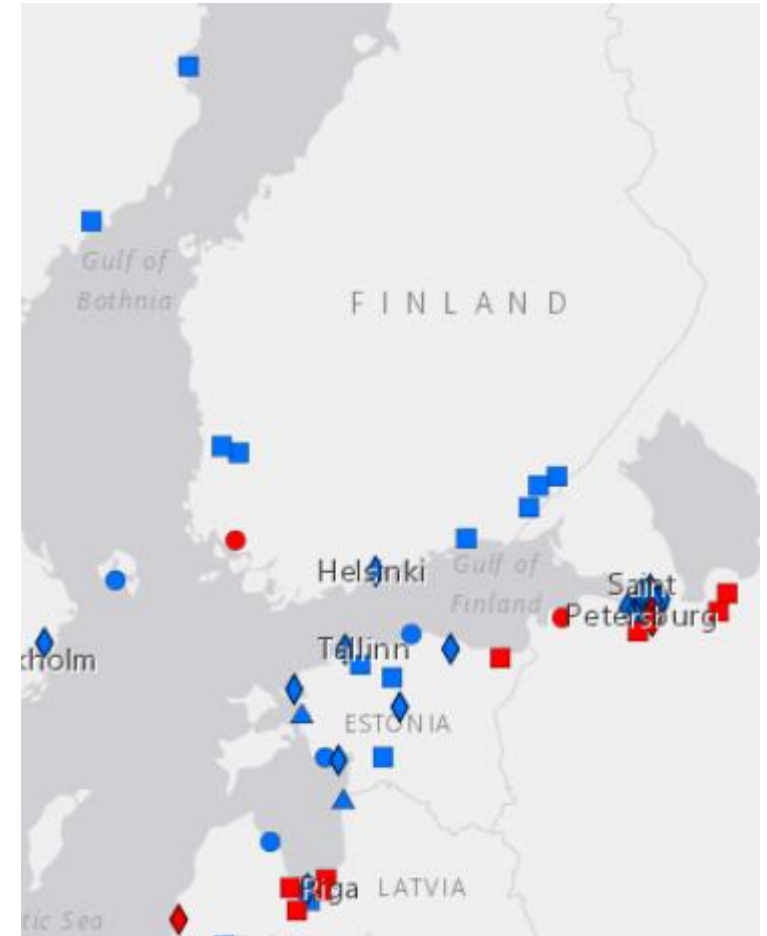
Urban water management and harmful substances

- Reducing discharges of harmful substances into surface waters and groundwater
- Providing more information on the presence and effects of harmful substances in aquatic environments
- Reducing the amount of plastic entering water
- 17 projects funded in 2020-2021; 2,6 M€
 - In 2020 funding for 6 projects to improve the treatment of municipal wastewater passing through the sewage system
 - In 2021 funding for 11 projects to reduce the levels of harmful substances in urban storm waters
- 3 high risk shipwrecks cleaned in the coastal waters



2. Arcipelago sea programme 2021-2027

- **The objective** of the programme is to remove Archipelago sea catchment from the HELCOM Hot Spot list
- By **reducing diffuse loading** from agriculture
- The programme will develop a road map for achieving the objective, including implementation of measures identified in
 - Programme of measures under the WFD
 - CAP strategic plan
 - Etc.



[HELCOM Hot Spots](#)

3. Nutrient recycling programme RAKI 2012→

- The programme has been funding ~100 R&D projects since 2012 to improve and develop the nutrient recycling with more than 20 M€
- Nutrient recycling action plan 2019-2030
- In 2021 31 new projects started, 13 M€
 - Focus in energy efficiency of waste water treatment, nutrient recovery and related industrial symbioses
- EU RFF will provide additional 5 M€ in 2021-2023 for development of nutrient recycling and safe use of recycled nutrients



4. Migratory fish program NOUSU

- National fish passage strategy 2012
- National salmon and sea trout strategy 2014
- Revision of Fishing Act 2015

Shift in fisheries management towards
natural life cycle of fish stocks

- Migratory fish program NOUSU, 2020 →

- Objectives

- Support the implementation of fish passage strategy (fish passages and downstream migration structures)
 - Removal of barriers
 - Habitat restoration

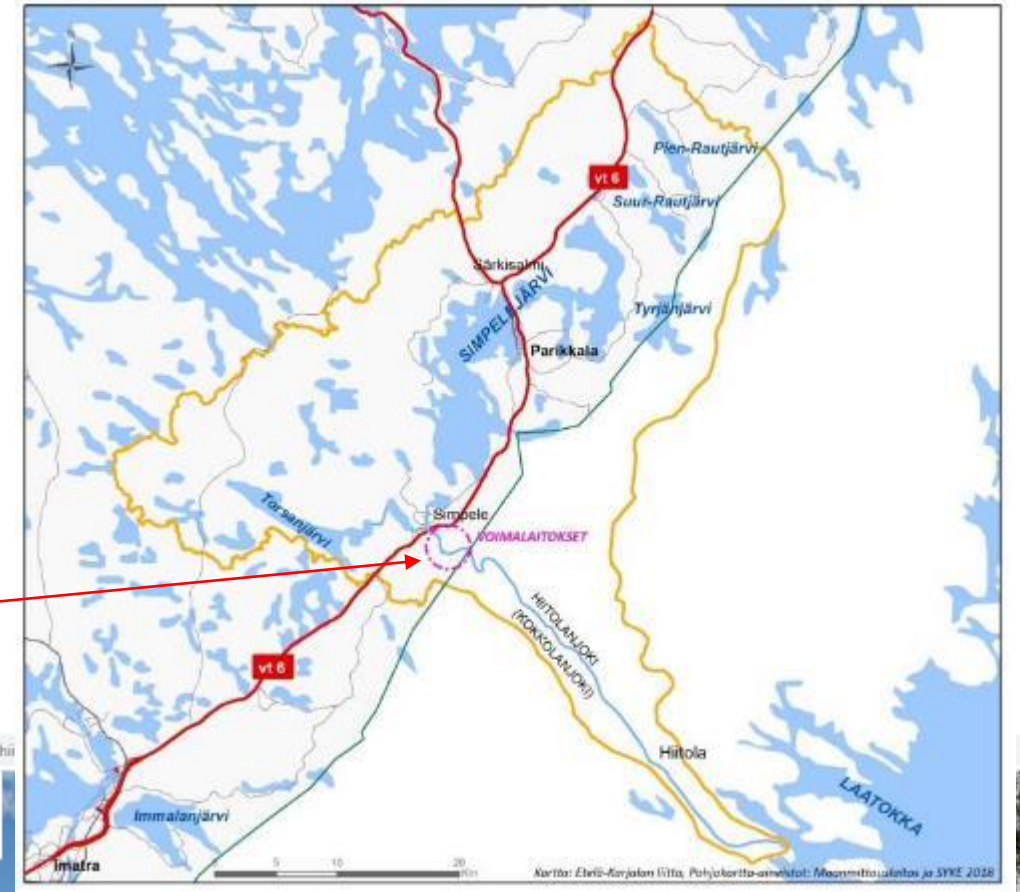
- Funding 12 M€ for 2020-2023, ~50% is allocated (4/2021)

- 4 projects on fish passages, 3 on removal of barriers and 8 R&D projects
 - Several projects under preparation
 - Funding from NOUSU program 20-50 % of total costs per project



Case example: River Hiitolanjoki

- Transboundary river between Finland and Russia
- Spawning area of endangered landlocked salmon (*Salmo salar m. sebago Girard*) and brown trout (*Salmo trutta*) in Lake Ladoga
- No barriers in Russian side, three hydropower plants in Finnish side
- Fishway obligation for hydropower companies in 2019
- Removal of barriers in 2021-2023
- Cooperation of private actors and funding with public bodies and foundations



Helmi habitats programme 2021-2030



The Helmi programme is a key tool for halting biodiversity loss in Finland. The programme's actions will provide help to hundreds of endangered species and most of the endangered habitats in our country. The Helmi programme is based on voluntary action by landowners.



Pikkuapollo

Active deeds



1



Protecting mires

2



Restoring mires

3



Restoring aquatic
bird habitats and
wetlands

4



Managing semi-
natural
grasshabitats

5



Management of
woodland habitats

6



Restoring aquatic
and shore
habitats



Restoration and mangement of small waters and shores

Objectives for 2021-2030



- Restoration of small waters in protected areas

350
springs

200_{km}
streams

40
flads & gloe lakes

- Restoration of small waters outside protected areas

700
springs

400_{km}
streams

40
flads & gloe lakes

- Restoring river continuum in small waters

Restoration of
river continuum in

700
streams

Removal of

970
migration barriers in
state owned forests

- Restoration of shore habitats in and outside protected areas

200 sites

Thank you!

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